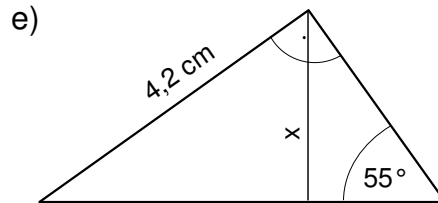
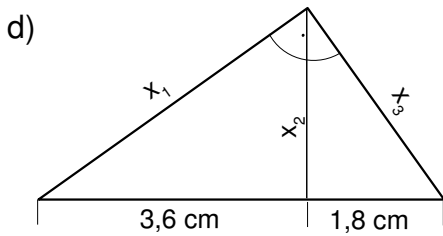
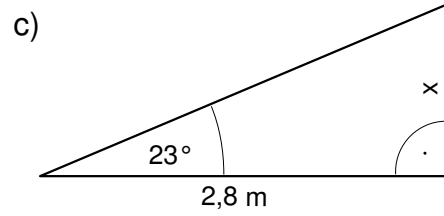
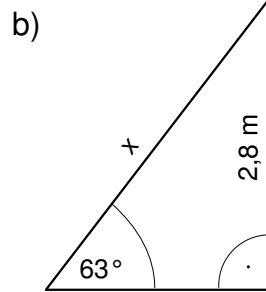
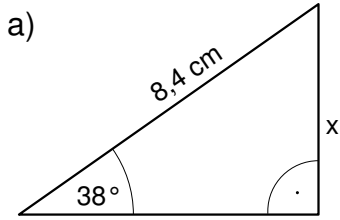
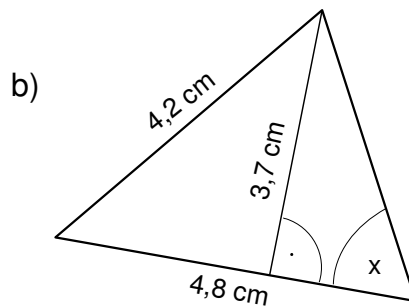
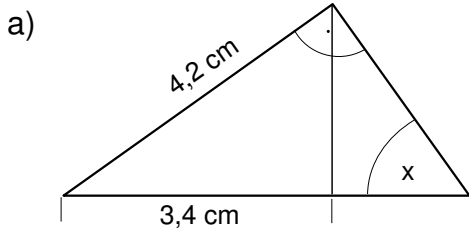


Dreiecksberechnung

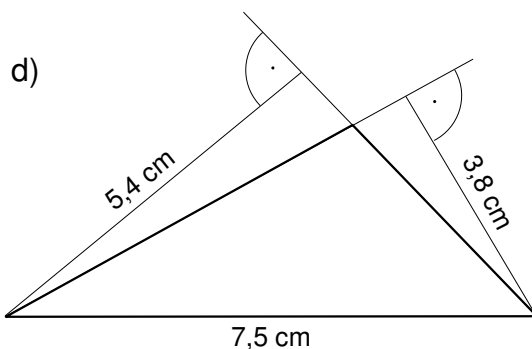
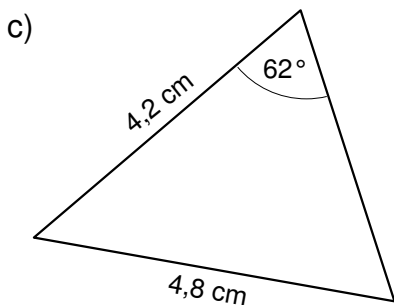
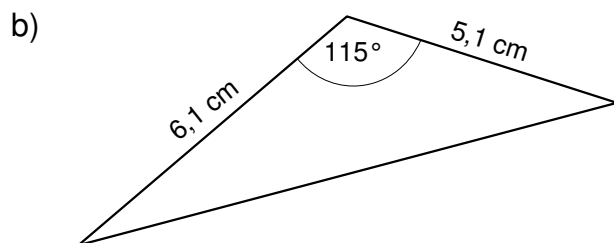
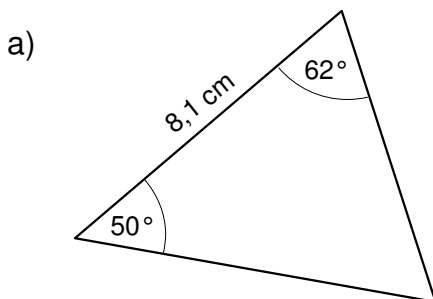
1.) Bestimmen Sie jeweils die Länge „x“!



2.) Bestimmen Sie die Winkel „x“!



3.) Bestimmen Sie alle fehlenden Seitenlängen und Winkel!



Lösungen:

1. a) $x=4,7\text{cm}$ b) $x=3,1\text{cm}$ c) $x=1,2\text{cm}$
d) $x_1=4,4\text{cm}$ $x_2=2,5\text{cm}$ $x_3=3,1\text{cm}$ e) $x=2,4\text{cm}$

2. a) $x=54^\circ$
b) (zuerst den linken Teil der Seite c berechnen!) $x=72^\circ$

3. (Bezeichnungen normgerecht, Reihenfolge entspricht Rechenweg)
a) $\beta=68^\circ$ $a=6,7\text{cm}$ $c=7,7\text{cm}$
b) $\alpha=29^\circ$ $\beta=36^\circ$ $c=9,5\text{cm}$
c) $\alpha=67^\circ$ $\beta=51^\circ$ $a=5,0\text{cm}$
d) $\alpha=30^\circ$ $\beta=46^\circ$ $\gamma=104^\circ$ $a=3,9\text{cm}$ $b=5,6\text{cm}$